

welcome();

get data →

main
welcome();
calculator();

get data
prompt,
read

get

get data
Returns data
answer

mm

calculate
Math

answer

Returns the answer

slide 50

CString

strcpy (name, name2);

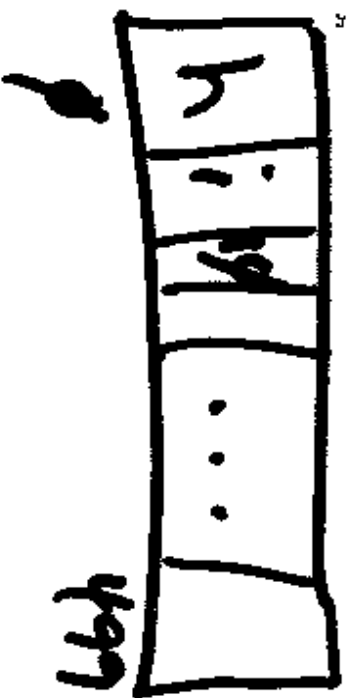


// name = name2

int len;

len = strlen(argv);

②



Main for slide 52

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void sort_two(); // prototype
int main()
{
    welcome(); // describes how the program works
    sort_two(); ← Function Call
    return 0;
}
```

Many times

```
int main()
```

```
{ char response;
```

```
welcome();
```

```
do
```

```
{
```

```
    sort_two();  
    cout << "Do you want to do  
    this again?";
```



```
    cin >> response;
```

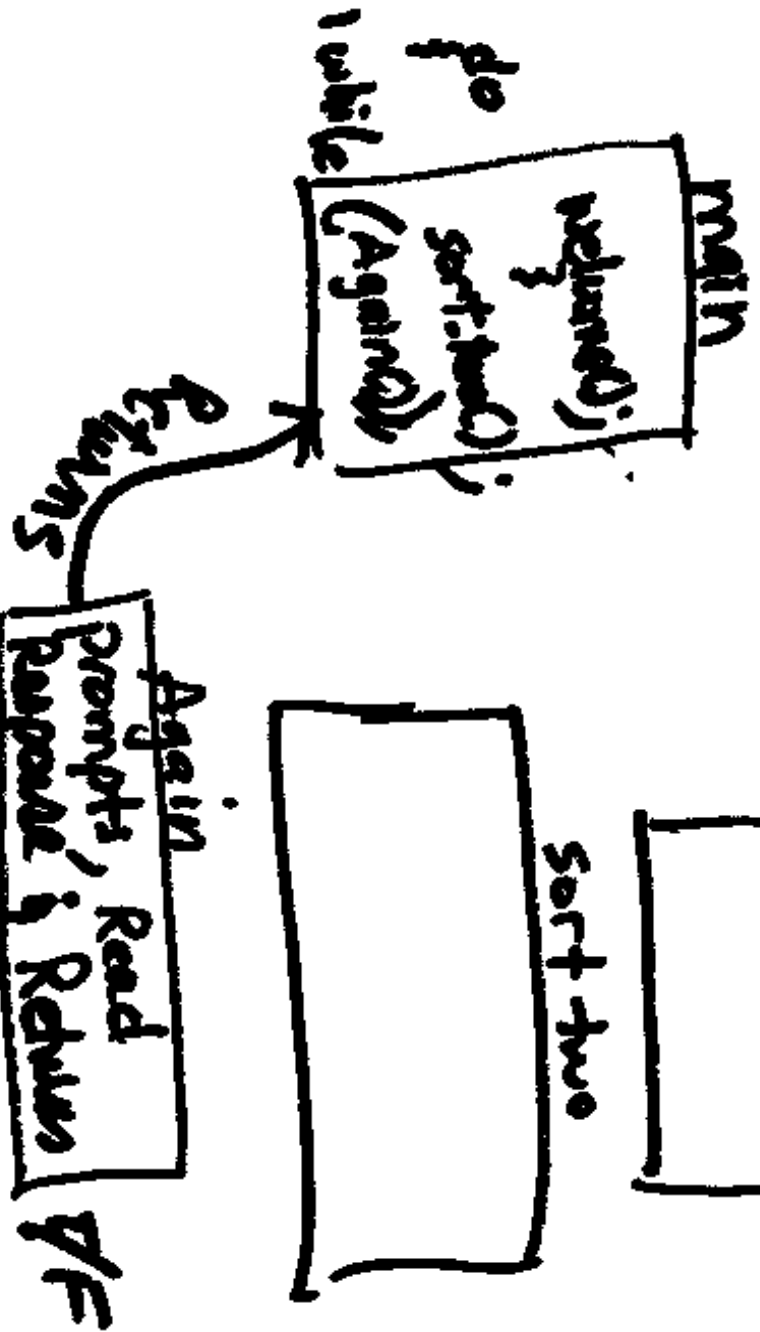
```
    cin.get();
```

```
    while (response == 'y');
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Arguments



```
float get_data ( ); // prototype
```

```
float get_data ( )
```

```
{  
    float inches ;  
    cout << "Please enter ... ";  
    cin >> inches ; cin.get ( ) ;  
    while ( inches <= 0 )  
    {  
        cout << "Error " ;  
        cin >> inches ; cin.get ( ) ;  
    }  
    return inches ;  
}
```

//prototype

float calculate (float inches);

arguments

float calculate (float inches)

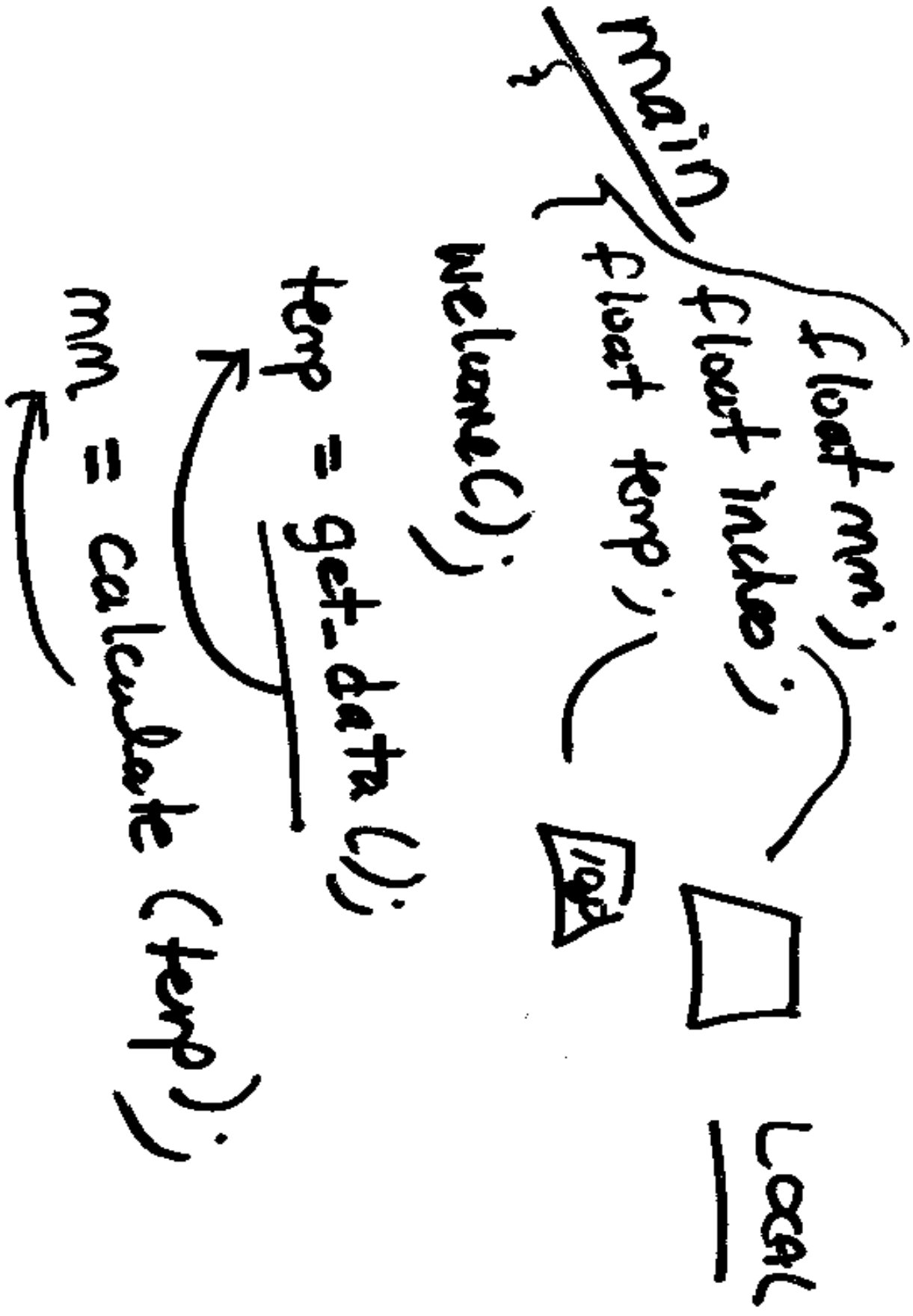
some value
10.0
local

{
float answer; pass by value

answer = 25.4 * inches;

return answer;

} ←



```
void get_data (float &data)
{
    cout << "Prompt ... ";
    cin >> data; cin.get();
    //error check
}
}
}
```

Body

alias

```
main
float inches;
get_data (inches);
```

Program

Pass by Reference

void get_data (float & data);

skipped

Pass by reference

NO copies

void calculate (float inches, float & mm);

Pass by value

Pass by reference

$ch = \text{topper}(ch)!$

main
calculate (inches, mm)

$!n = 2000!$

$mm = 25.4 * in!$

void calculate (float in, float &mm)